The evaluations of the requirements: insights from the professional figure of cook in Italy

Paolo Mariani¹, Andrea Marletta¹, Lucio Masserini², Mariangela Zenga¹,

¹University of Milano-Bicocca, ²University of Pisa



Statistics and the Assessment, Control and Scenarios of Risks



- Brief introduction to the recruitment process and requested recruitments
- Methodology: The use of Choice Based Conjoint Analysis in combination with a re-evaluation monetary index
- Application and results
- Summary and Conclusions

The recruitment process

The recruitment process consists of the following steps:

- highlighting the role covered by a new recruit
- recruiting a shortlist of candidates using job advertisements and then analysing CVs
- evaluating/assessing competencies, attributes and attitudes of the candidates through psychological tests
- selecting the best profile after some job interviews

The aim of this work is to measure the monetary evaluation of the skills useful to get the job offer using an a-posteriori analysis on the hired candidates.



Requirements for the job market

The requested requirements by companies during the recruitment process could be divided into 3 categories:

- Knowledges as set of structured principles and theories useful for the correct implementation of the profession
- Abilities as procedures and processes defining the capabilities to accomplish the professional tasks
- **Attitudes** as cognitive features affecting the professional development and the execution of job activities

Conjoint Analysis

- Conjoint Analysis is a technique widely used to investigate consumer choice behaviour
- In this study Conjoint Analysis refers to the stated preference model used to obtain part-worth utilities
- The utility function U_j for the characteristics describing several profiles is defined as follow:

$$U_{j} = \sum_{l=1}^{L} \sum_{k=1}^{K} u_{jkl} * x_{jkl} + e_{j}$$
 (1)

• u_{jkl} is the partial change in U_k for the presence of the attribute level k, holding all other variable constants, x_{jkl} is the dummy variable that refers to the specific attribute level and e_i is a random error.



The economic re-valuation index

Part-worth utilities of levels obtained from CA represents the starting point to re-evaluate the proposed Gross Annual Salary of the job vacancies. Economic re-evaluation is carried out through relative importance of attributes in non-standard CA using Mariani-Mussini coefficient of economic valuation MI_{ik} . The general formulation of MI_{ik} is:

$$MI_{ik} = \frac{U_i - U_b}{U_b} * I_k \tag{2}$$

where U_i is the total utility associated with the profile i, U_b the total utility associated with a baseline profile and I_k is the relative importance for the attribute k. Given the Gross Annual Salary (GAS) associated, the coefficient can be expressed, in monetary terms, as:

$$V_{ik} = MI_{ik} * GAS \tag{3}$$

The AdeccoGroup database (1)

- Dataset used in this work refers to the 2017 AdeccoGroup database.
 In particular, the statistical unit is represented by candidates awarding the job offers and the explanatory variables are the mandatory requirements to pass the recruitment process.
- Job positions are comparable using the ESCO international classification. Informations about job offers generates knowledge about criteria used for the choice of the best candidate.
- In 2017 the job positions are more than 120.000 divided into 9 industries: IT & Digital, Engineering, Medical, Finance, Tourism, HR, Commercial, Food Services and Production.

The AdeccoGroup database (2)

A not-random selection of the job offers has been carried out to build a national reference. This selection has been realized in order to balance the representation of all the industries.

| Industry | Job offers | Analysed job offers |
|-------------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Digital IT | 696 | 85,3 % |
| Engineering | 1.779 | 79,3 % |
| Medical and Pharmaceutic | 2.340 | 48,0 % |
| Legal and Finance | 3.581 | 48,7 % |
| Tourism | 6.778 | 22,5 % |
| Human Resource | 6.886 | 33,6 % |
| Commercial and Marketing | 17.840 | 13,2 % |
| Food services and hospitality | 29.408 | 7,1 % |
| Production and Logistic | 51.863 | 24,9 % |
| Total | 121.171 | 21,5 % |



Requested Requirements

The analysed requirements have been chosen among 26 skills included in the AdeccoGroup competence dictionary and join with the experience and two knowledge indicators.

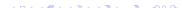
| Requirements | Frequency |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Previous experience | 56,6% |
| English Knowledge | 43,2% |
| Education level | 41,7% |
| Quality orientation | 41,0% |
| Team working | 36,0% |
| Participation and responsibility | 33,8% |
| Problem Solving and analysis | 32,1% |
| Communication | 21,3% |
| Self-control | 18,9% |
| Customer orientation | 15,2% |



Industry and $\triangle GAS$

The 9 industries presented different compositional aspects compared to the total of job offers and candidates. A ΔGAS has been introduced as the difference between the average salary (JobPricing) and the minimum CCNL salary.

| Industry | Job offers | Candidates | ΔGAS |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| Commercial and Marketing | 14,7 | 12,0 | € 11.000,00 |
| Human Resource | 5,7 | 0,7 | € 11.000,00 |
| Engineering | 1,5 | 2,3 | € 9.000,00 |
| Digital IT | 0,6 | 1,0 | € 10.000,00 |
| Legal and Finance | 3,0 | 4,4 | € 11.000,00 |
| Medical and Pharmaceutic | 1,9 | 1,9 | € 17.000,00 |
| Production and Logistic | 42,8 | 63,4 | € 13.000,00 |
| Food service and Hospitality | 24,3 | 10,7 | € 6.000,00 |
| Tourism | 5,6 | 3,6 | € 10.000,00 |
| Total | 100,0 | 100,0 | € 10.000,00 |



Focusing the attention on Food service and Hospitality

Job profiles considered for the Food service and Hospitality industry are:

- Receptionist
- Bartenders
- Waiters
- Cooks

| Requirements | Industry | Rec | Bar | Wai | Cooks |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Previous experience | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | - |
| English Knowledge | 7 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 9 |
| Education level | 4 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 6 |
| Quality orientation | 6 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 5 |
| Team working | 9 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 8 |
| Participation and responsibility | 2 | 8 | 2 | 8 | 3 |
| Problem Solving and analysis | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Communication | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 4 |
| Self-control | 8 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 7 |
| Customer orientation | 5 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 2 |



Monetary re-valuation for Food service and Hospitality

- N = 2.096
- Problem solving and analysis and Participation and responsibility are the most important requirements
- Total amount of estimated $\triangle GAS$ is very close to the real $\triangle GAS$

| Job Offers | 29.408 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Individuals | 4.522 |
| Observations | 2.096 |
| Average GAS | € 27.000,00 |
| Minimum GAS (CCNL) | € 21.000,00 |
| Δ GAS | € 6.000,00 |
| | |
| Requirements | Estimated $\triangle GAS$ |
| Problem Solving and analysis | € 3.688,96 |
| | |
| Participation and responsibility | € 1.429,68 |
| Participation and responsibility Communication | € 1.429,68 € 652,46 |
| | ' |
| Communication | € 652,46 |
| Communication Education level | € 652,46 € 542,16 |
| Communication Education level Customer orientation | € 652,46 € 542,16 € 399,43 |
| Communication Education level Customer orientation Quality orientation | € 652,46 € 542,16 € 399,43 € 308,67 |
| Communication Education level Customer orientation Quality orientation English Knowledge | € 652,46 € 542,16 € 399,43 € 308,67 € 293,34 |
| Communication Education level Customer orientation Quality orientation English Knowledge Self-control | € 652,46 € 542,16 € 399,43 € 308,67 € 293,34 € 223,90 |

Focusing the attention on Cooks

- N = 575
- Problem solving and analysis and Customer orientation are the most important requirements
- Confirmation of the similarity between estimated ΔGAS and real ΔGAS

| Job Offers | 10.705 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Individuals | 1.688 |
| Observations | 575 |
| Average GAS | € 28.000,00 |
| Minimum GAS (CCNL) | € 21.000,00 |
| Δ GAS | € 7.000,00 |
| | |
| Requirements | Estimated $\triangle GAS$ |
| Problem Solving and analysis | € 2.319,19 |
| Customer orientation | € 1.729,44 |
| Participation and responsibility | € 1.122,17 |
| Communication | € 1.122,17 |
| Quality orientation | € 545,73 |
| Education level | € 357,28 |
| Self-control | € 248,85 |
| Team working | € 142,25 |
| English Knowledge | € 98,73 |
| Total | € 7.685,81 |

Conclusions

- An a-posteriori analysis has been carried out on the Adecco Group Database considering job offers in Italy in 2017
- Use of a Choice Based Conjoint Analysis has been used in combination with an economic Index of Re-valuation applied on Gross Annual Salary (GAS)
- In Food services and Hospitality industry the attitude to solve problems has been detected as the skills with the highest values of re-valuation
- ullet Good results has been obtained comparing the estimated ΔGAS with the difference between the average GAS and the minimum provided by CCNL