

Sexual satisfaction in men with HIV aged ≤50 years explored with standardized validated questionnaires: prevalence and patterns of various sexual dysfunction, and association with psychosocial factors.

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PURPOSE

Sexual dysfunction are highly prevalent in Men with HIV (MWH) (1-2). Few data are available about sexual satisfaction and erectile dysfunction in MWH aged <50 yo (3). Our aim was to investigate the prevalence of erectile dysfunction (ED) and other sexual disorders in MWH aged ≤50 years.

METHODS

A multicenter survey was conducted on MWH aged ≤50 years on stable antiretroviral therapy (ART) with undetectable viral load. Subjects with decompensated liver cirrhosis and/or severe depression were excluded. Participants were asked to complete the International Index of Erectile Function-15 (IIEF-15), General Anxiety Disorder-7 (GAD-7), Patient Health Questionnaire 9 (PHQ-9) and the Internalized HIV-Stigma Scale (IA-RSS).

ED was defined as IIEF-15 score <25. The frequency of decreases in orgasmic function (DOF), sexual desire (DSD), intercourse satisfaction (DIS) and overall satisfaction (DOS) were measured. Possible association with other domains of psychic health were explored. Anxiety was defined as a GAD-7>21, moderate/severe anxiety as GAD-7>10, depression as PHQ-9>5 and moderate/severe depression as PHQ-9>10.

CONCLUSIONS

In our study no significant association was found between ED and anxiety and depression.

However, exploring domains of IIEF, Orgasmic function and Overall Satisfaction were influenced by anxiety, depression, and internalized stigma (see fig.4) suggesting that, in this population, IIEF could underestimate the complex interaction between psychological health and sexual dysfunctions

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RESULTS

Characteristics of 181 enrolled MWH are shown in Table 1

Table 1 Characteristics of 181 MWH enrolled in the study

Variables	N or mean or median	% or SD or IQR	without ED	With ED	p
Age, years	43	IQR 38-47	43.00 [IQR 38.00, 47.00]	44.00 [39.00, 48.00]	0.379
In a stable relationship	106	58%	63 (59.4%)	43 (57.3%)	0.89
MSM	136	75.1%	73 (68.9%)	63 (84.0)	0.032
BMI Kg/m ²	24.7	IQR 22.8-26.6	24.82 [22.88, 26.29]	24.51 [22.76, 27.01]	0.625
CD4 cells/mm ³	865	IQR 634-1131	889.00 [680.50, 1168.25]	842.00 [612.50, 1068.00]	0.266
CD4/CD8 ratio	0.92	IQR 0.70-1.18	0.93 [0.65, 1.17]	0.91 [0.77, 1.19]	0.386
Diabetes	0	(0.8)	0 (0%)	1 (1.8%)	0.89
Fib-4>1.3 (%)	10 (5.9)		1 (1.4)	9 (9.0)	0.083
Anxiety (GAD >5)	99	54%	54 (50.9)	45 (60.0)	0.292
Moderate/severe Anxiety (GAD>10)	22	12%	12 (11.3)	10 (13.3)	0.859
Depression (PHQ>5)	81	44%	45 (42.5)	36 (48.0)	0.557
Moderate/Severe Depression (PHQ>10)	16	8.8%	7 (6.6)	9 (12.0)	0.32
Stigma (IA-RSS)	3	IQR [2-4]	3.00 [2.00, 3.75]	2.00 [2.00, 4.00]	0.545

Legend to the table: MSM, Men who have sex with Men; BMI, Body Mass Index; GAD, General Anxiety Disorder; PHQ, Patient Health Questionnaire; IA-RSS, Internalized HIV-Stigma Scale.

The prevalence of ED was 41.4% (75/181). ED was more frequently reported in men who have sex with men (MSM) than men who have sex with women (MSW): 63/136 (59.4%) vs 12/45 (26%), respectively, p=0.03. The prevalence of anxiety and depression (any grade) was not significantly different in participants with or without ED.

Exploring the domains of IIEF-15 we observed that DIS and DOS were the more frequently represented (see Figure 1) and that:

- Anxiety was associated with all the domains but DSD (DOF 65.4% vs 46.0%, p=0.01) (DIS 60.3% vs 35%, p=0.008) (DOS 61.6 vs 32.6 p=0.008) (See Fig 2)

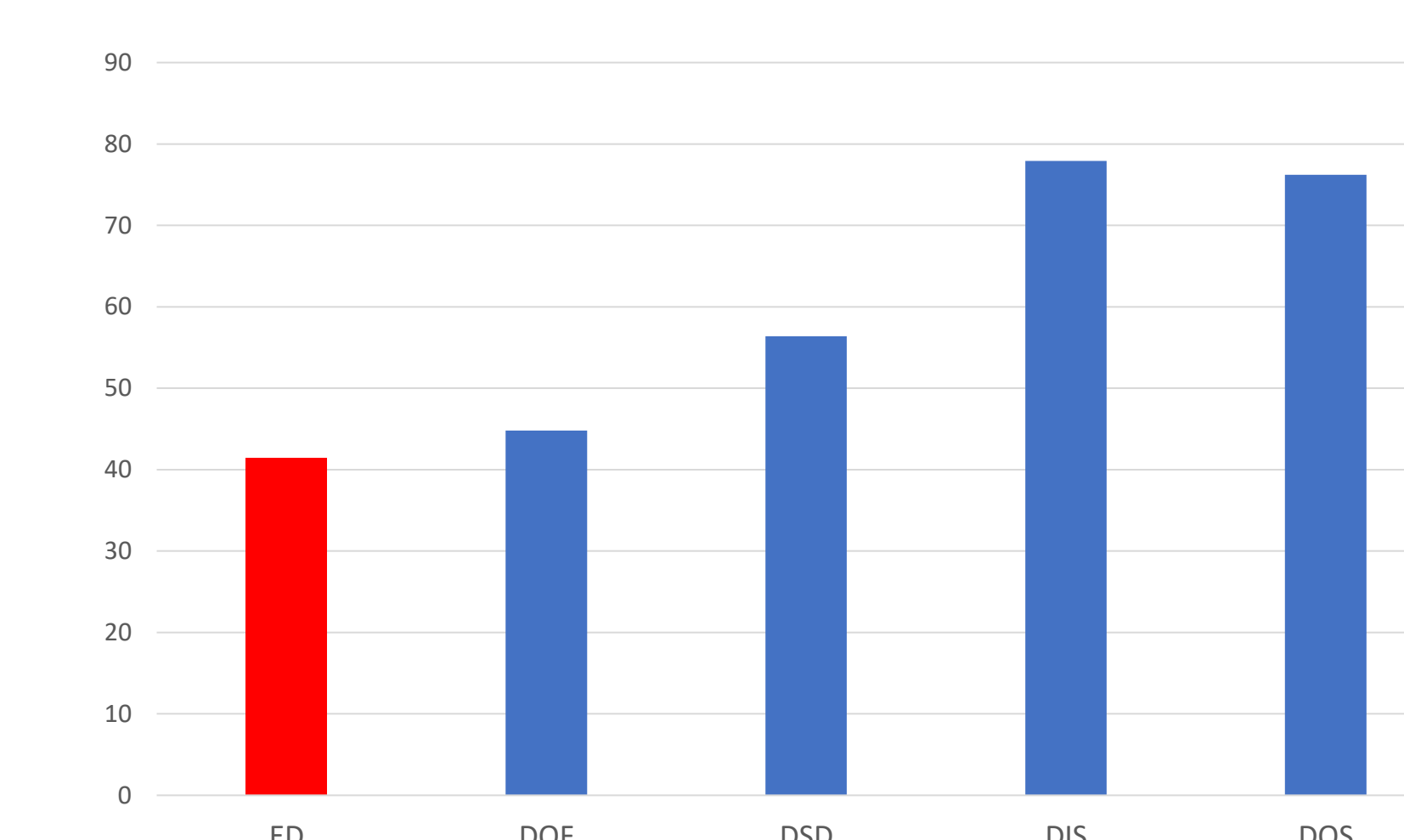
-Severe anxiety was associated with DOF (19.8 vs 6, p=0.01)

-depression with DOS (50.7 vs 25.6; p=0.007)

-Internalized Stigma with DOS (median IA-RSS: 3 [IQR 2-4] vs 2 [IQR 2-3], p=0.003)

-Drink per week with DOF (2 vs 1, p=0.004).

Figure 1. Prevalence of erectile dysfunction and its domains



Legend to the figure: ED, erectile dysfunction; DOF, Decreased Orgasmic function, DSD, Decreased Sexual Desire, DIS, Decreased Intercourse Satisfaction, DOS, Decreased Overall Satisfaction

Figure 2. Anxiety and IIEF-15 domains

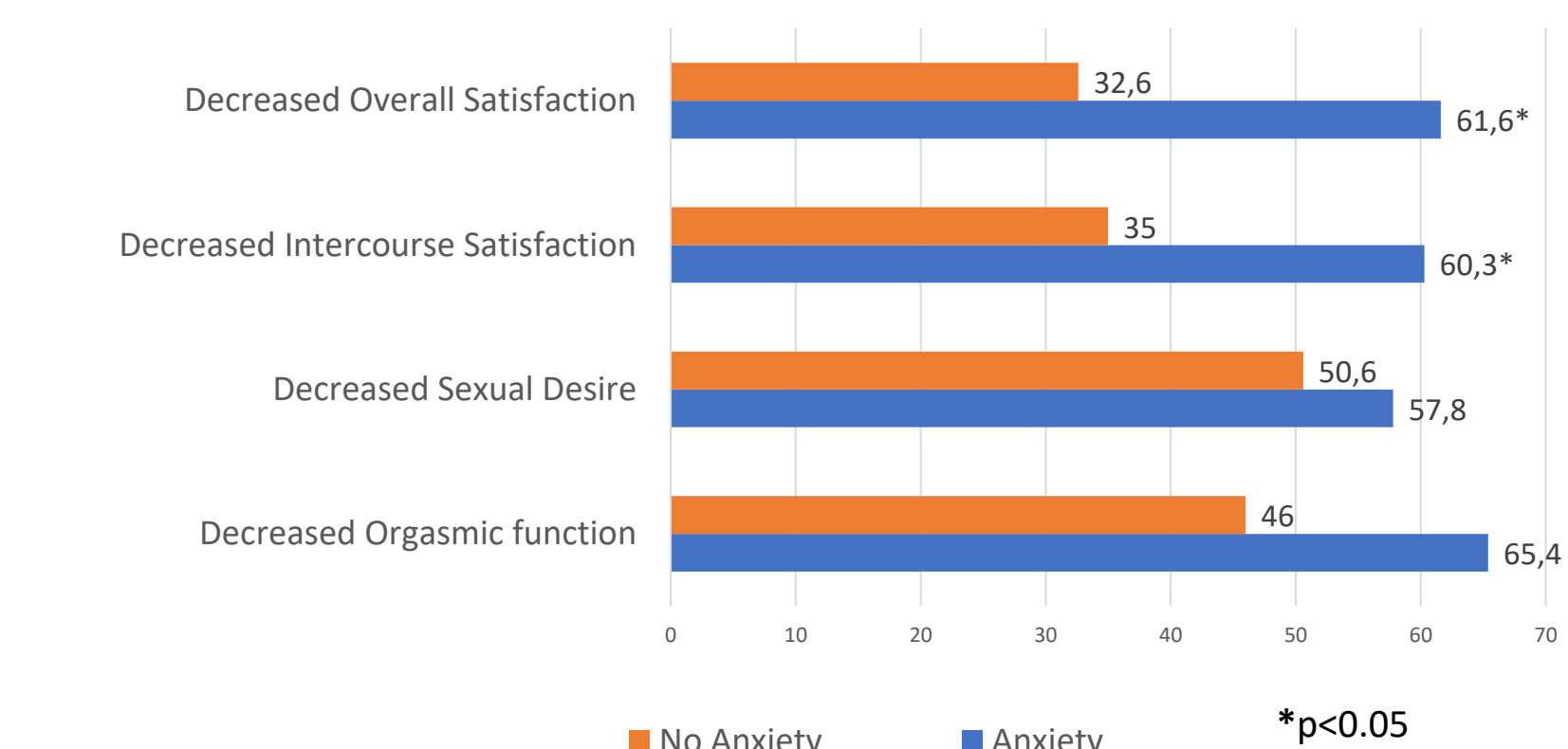


Figure 3. Depression and IIEF-15 domains

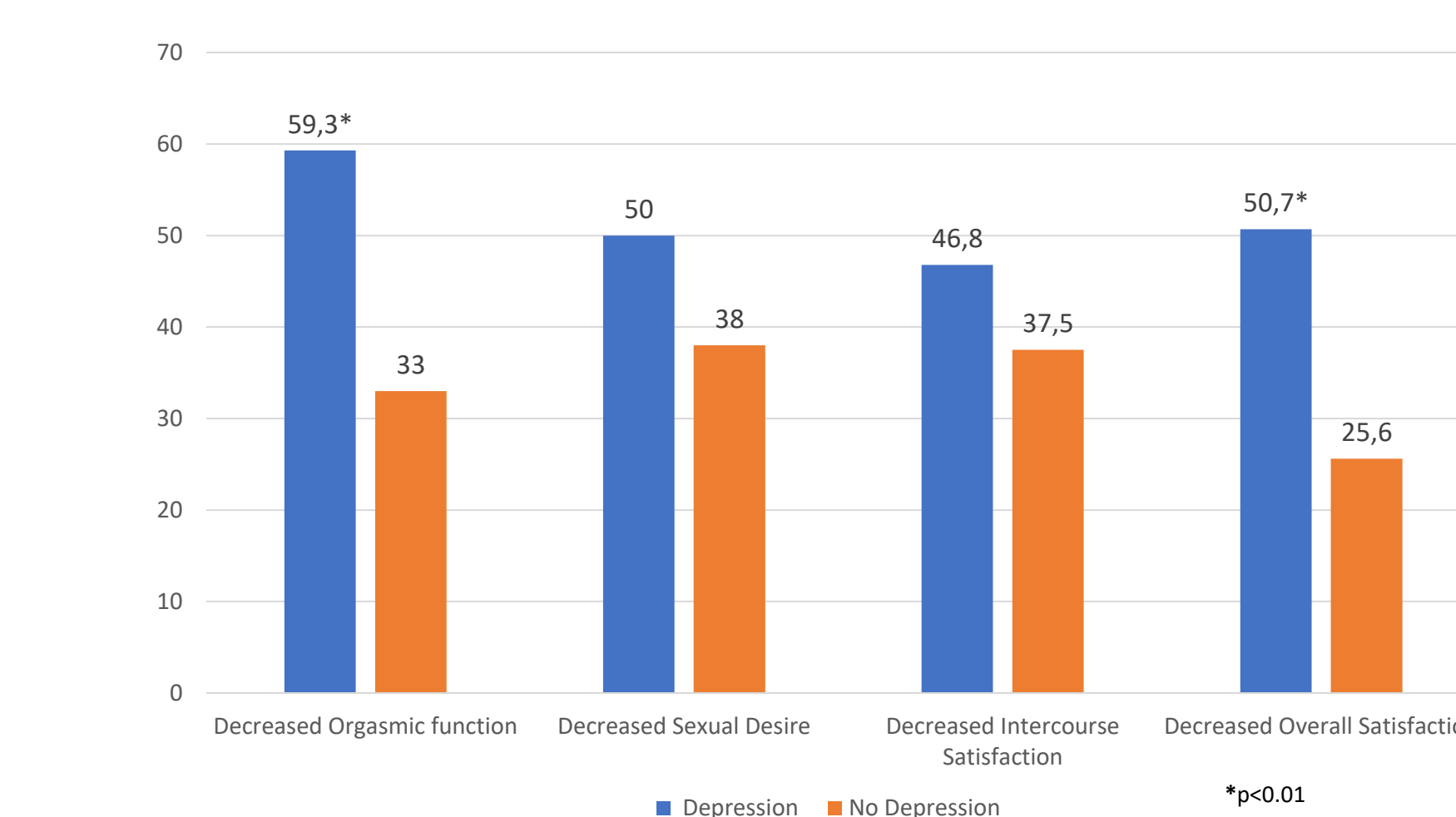
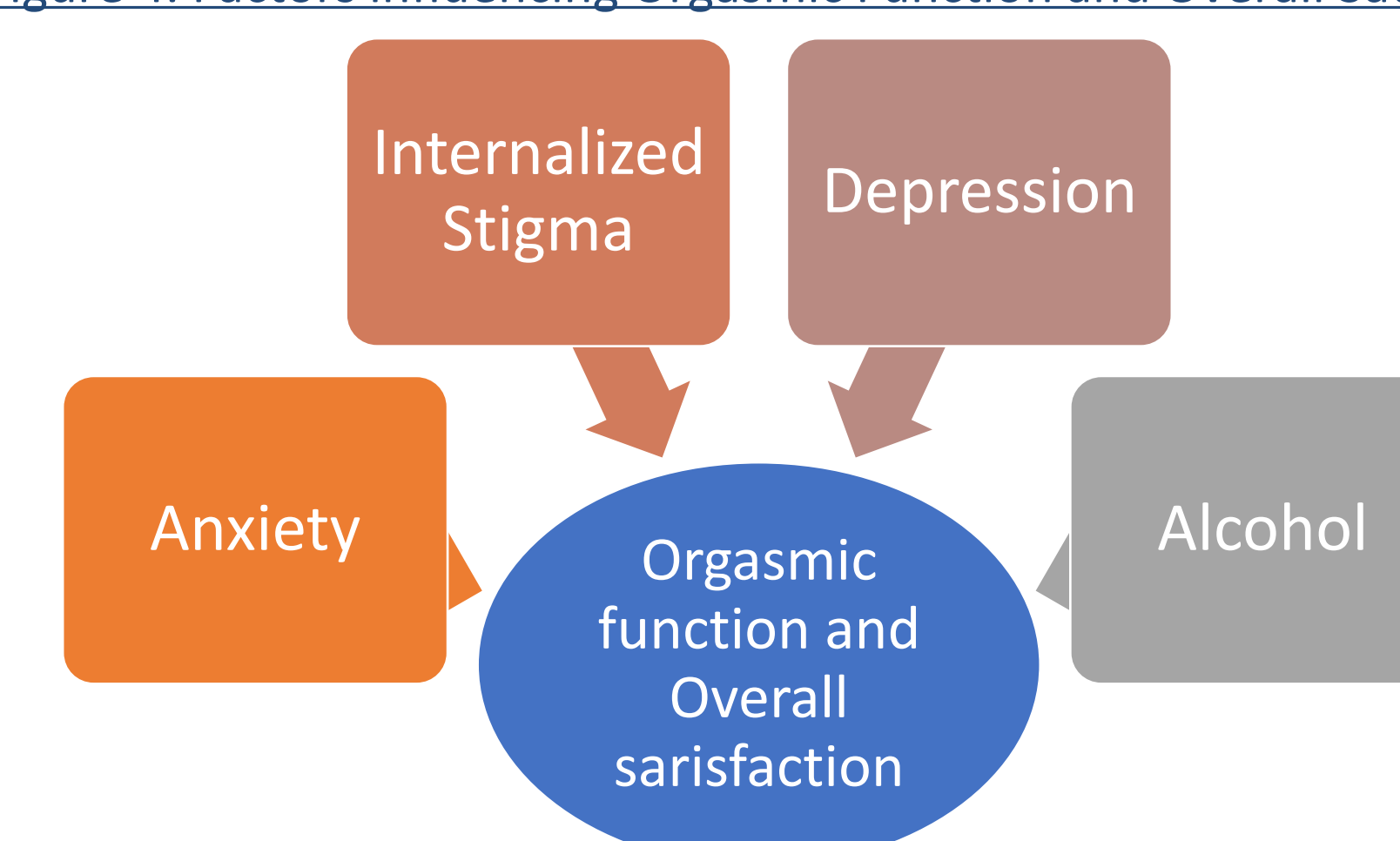


Figure 4. Factors influencing Orgasmic Function and Overall Satisfaction



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